

FIFTY-FIRST YEAR

C. P. HUNTINGTON
DIED LAST NIGHTRetired to Bed in an Apparently Good State
of Health, and His Demise Was a
Shock to Family and Friends.

Col. P. Huntington, who was so well known in the West as one of the foremost railroad promoters and managers in the world, is dead at a summer resort in the State of New York. The first bulletin announcing this fact came to the "News" early this morning from Saratoga, as follows:

"It is reported here that Col. P. Huntington died suddenly at Camp Pine Knot, Racquette Lake, in the Adirondacks, last night."

Later on this message came from San Francisco:

"Private message received in New York and sent here says Huntington died early last night at Racquette Lake. He was taken suddenly ill, it is stated, and carried into a house where he died a few minutes, before anything could be done to relieve him."

"Then further information came from New York as follows:

"A report received here says that a message was brought last night from Huntington's camp at Racquette Lake in the Adirondacks, N. Y. The message contained the simple statement:

"Mr. Huntington died suddenly to-night (Monday night) at 11 o'clock."

The message is supposed to refer to C. P. Huntington, the millionaire and railroad man. All telegraphic communication with Racquette Lake is cut off at this hour and it is impossible to verify the truth of the report.

At the residence of Mr. Huntington in this city this morning it was stated that he was at Racquette Lake. No information had been received at 6 o'clock this morning at the residence concerning the reported death of Mr. Huntington.

Afterwards this positive announcement came from Utica, New York:

"Col. P. Huntington, president Southern Pacific, died, Pine Knot Camp near Durand, Racquette Lake, Adirondacks, 12 o'clock last night."

PRIVATE SECRETARY NOTIFIED.

New York, August 14.—Mr. C. P. Huntington's private secretary, J. E. Adams, received a message at his residence the Hotel Majestic this morning announcing the sudden death last night of the millionaire at Racquette Lake, N. Y. Mr. Adams left for Camp "Pine Knot" on the first train early this morning. Friends of the Huntington family in this city sent a cablegram to London, addressed to the Princess Matilda, the adopted daughter of Mr. Huntington, announcing the death of her father.

A despatch received from London yesterday by the Associated Press said the princess Matilda was booked to sail for the United States on board the steamer Majestic, Aug. 15th.

WAS IN GOOD HEALTH.

Utica, N. Y., August 14.—Col. P. Huntington, president of the Southern Pacific railroad, died at Pine Knot Lodge Camp in the Blue Mountain region early this morning. Mr. Huntington went into the woods last Thursday afternoon and was reported to be in the very best of health, and so far as ascertained slept soundly as no disturbance was heard from his room until a short time before his death.

News received from Mr. Huntington's room aroused members of the household and they immediately went to his assistance. In about ten minutes he was dead.

It is supposed that Mr. Huntington's death was caused by heart trouble. West Durant was at once notified and he drove to Racquette Lake as soon as possible and was met by Mr. Huntington's camp. Mr. Durant telephoned to this city for an undertaker and it is expected that Mr. Huntington's remains will be brought on a special train this afternoon to the city.

Utica, N. Y.,—Later details state that Mr. Huntington had been in bed but a short time when he was heard to groan. An attendant went to his room and discovered that he was in great distress. Help was summoned but in about ten minutes after his discovery he was dead.

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Mrs. Huntington and Mr. Huntington's secretary, G. E. Miles, were at his bedside at the time of his death.

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Mr. Huntington, wife and servants arrived at Durant on Friday, August 10, in their private car. The steamer Onondaga was awaiting their arrival at the wharf to convey them to their mountain home, Pine Knot camp.

FINANCIAL EFFECT.

Mr. Huntington's death had little effect on the general stock market. Even his own stock, chief among which was Southern Pacific, was hardly disturbed. Some large holders of Southern Pacific came late in the initial transactions, but they were promptly taken by banking houses known to represent the late millionaire and as a result the price of

Southern Pacific soon rallied from its one point decline. It seemed to be the general opinion of those conversant with Mr. Huntington's affairs that he had left his properties in such shape as to permit of easy handling by others.

A meeting of the Southern Pacific interests was held early today. The Southern Pacific road and other corporations all carry large deposits in this city and are frequently in the money market. It seemed to be the opinion of the bankers at this morning's conference that the movement both in railroad and private life had been watched and studied with keen interest.

There will be an air of great sorrow around the offices of the Southern Pacific company today. Expressions of regret at the passing of the president of the company were heard on every side. Although Mr. Huntington spent most of his time in the East, he maintained a residence in the city and spent two or three months here each year.

J. C. Stubbs, second vice president and traffic manager of the company, was deeply moved by the news of Mr. Huntington's death. Mr. Stubbs has been intimately associated with Mr. Huntington for over twenty years. Speaking of his death today, Mr. Stubbs said:

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"Buller's occupation of Ermalo is having a good effect."

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retreat down the line, finally escaping to Portuguese territory. Mr. Unger says that the day the British entered Pretoria President Kruger sent for Mr. Stanley Hollis, the British consul at Lorenzo Marques, and Mr. Hollis was taken to Machadodorp in a special car. President Kruger asked him if his government would grant him (President Kruger) a passport to leave Portuguese territory again. He was thus compelled to neglect the interests of the British prisoners at Nooit Gedacht, where there was great suffering.

Mr. Unger, in conclusion, said: "I make this statement in justice to Mr. Hollis, whose action has been misunderstood in America and Great Britain."

Mr. Unger did not know whether the state department eventually gave a specific answer to President Kruger's request.

Mason For McKinley.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 14.—Senator W. E. Mason of Illinois has arrived here from Alaska. He announces his intention to support President McKinley, and in two weeks will begin campaigning in Illinois. He says the President's attitude toward the Chinese question demonstrates that he is not an imperialist. The Alaska boundary, he says, will eventually be settled on the original lines established by the treaty of 1867.

DEWET CLOSELY PURSUED.

British Soldiers Slowly Drawing the Net Around Wily Boer.

President Steyn is Kept in Camp Under Surveillance—Dewet Abandons Ammunition.

London, Aug. 14.—Lord Roberts reports to the war office under date of Pretoria, Aug. 13, as follows:

"Kitchener reports from Schoolplaats, eight miles east of Ventersburg, that De Wet blew up three of his wagons. Six British prisoners who escaped from De Wet's camp, state that President Steyn is confined in camp under surveillance, and that De Wet was forced to abandon his ammunition and thirty horses. They also confirm the report that Methuen captured one of De Wet's guns and shelled the main camp effectively. Ian Hamilton telegraphs that he hopes to be at Bissauvank today with his main body. Mahon's mounted troops are pushing on to the westward."

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CHINESE SPREAD
FALSE REPORTSTell People in Southern Provinces
About Alleged Successes.

CANTON ARMED TO TEETH.

Legations Were Bombaraded on July
31st—Anxiety About Shanghai—
Li Cannot Travel.

London, Aug. 14.—General Chaffee's message announcing his arrival Aug. 9, at Ho Si Wu, stands as the latest official intelligence of the march of the allied forces on Pekin. The English papers say it is rather annoying that their naval and military officials cannot communicate with the high officials here, while Admiral Remy and General Chaffee can do so by the Shanghai-Canton wire.

Chinese reports are being distributed far and wide in the southern provinces of alleged Chinese successes in the north.

ALL THE SAME BOERS.

Secret inquiries at Canton show all the forts have been newly armed with 7-centimeter disappearing guns and that the kurians number 18,000 men in all, armed with Maxim and Winchester. The Chinese have apparently been trying to engage a foreign electrician to lay mines in the Bogie, or entrance to the Canton river.

LI CAN NOT TRAVEL.

Dr. Marks, Li Hung Chang's physician, informed the correspondents at Shanghai this morning that Li could not go north on account of the weather and the unsettled state of the country. The doctor is removing his family from Canton because he believes there may be an outbreak there.

UNITED STATES INSULTED.

The St. Petersburg papers are complaining against the political activity of Great Britain in the Yangtze valley. The St. Petersburg Gazette has interviewed a member of the United States embassy as to the reasons why the United States assumed a hostile attitude toward China and the motives of Li Hung Chang's declaration that Minister Conger could be sent safely to Tien Tsin on condition that the United States abandon the idea of a march on Pekin.

The member of the United States embassy in question is quoted as saying that the United States was indignant at thus being bargained with and expressed the belief that the United States would send many troops to China.

BOMBARDMENT RESUMED.

Berlin, Aug. 14.—A semi-official dispatch from Tien Tsin dated August 8th, says the Russian colonel Kozlovsk has received advice from the Chinese announcing that during the night of July 31st the bombardment of the foreign legations was resumed and that the European churchyard was desecrated.

FRENCH ANXIETY.

Paris, Aug. 14.—Dispatches received here from the French consul general at Shanghai, show that apprehension exists there as to the condition prevailing at Shanghai and in its vicinity. The French ministry has decided to take precautions to defend the French concessions at Shanghai.

Information obtained from British sources says the allied troops were repulsed 25 kilometers from the city. The date of this news was not stated.

ANTI-IMPERIALISTS.

They Gather at Indianapolis to Attend Their Conventions.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 14.—Delegates to the convention of anti-imperialists are arriving by every train today, but still the number is not large. Massachusetts, New York and Pennsylvania are expected to send the largest delegations. The anti-imperialist league, which is at the head of the Philadelphia league, David D. Roberts, W. L. Johnson, G. L. Padgett, Edwin Russell Smith, signed a declaration of principles, and the anti-imperialist league and Charles M. Sturges, all of Chicago. Ernest Howard of Boston and J. Henry Smythe of Philadelphia, Ex-Governor Boutwell and others are expected to-day.

Karl Schurz, it is now known, will not be here, and in his place a speech in German will be delivered tomorrow night by Signor Zedler of Chicago. George Cochran telegraphed Secretary A. Mize last night there was little doubt but that he would be here.

The executive committee of the anti-imperialist league met this morning to arrange the program for the convention, which will have its opening session at Tomlinson Hall at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

The Nationalists, who were anti-silver, anti-Bryan and anti-McKinley, whose avowed purpose in meeting today is to swing the anti-imperialist league members to support them in nominating a third ticket, met this morning at the assembly room of the Commercial club.

The convention was called to order by Thomas M. Owen, of Aurora, N. Y., and Louis R. Ehrich, of Colorado, permanent chairman, delivered an address.

There has been talk of nominating Grover Cleveland for President and some of the Nationalists says he is in sympathy with their movement.

Robert A. Wideman said this morning that he had talked with Mr. Cleveland less than a week ago and that Mr. Cleveland would not accept on account of his health.

It is claimed that one of the delegates had received a letter from ex-President Cleveland announcing that he opposed a third ticket.

New Steamship Record.

Plymouth, August 14.—The Hamburg-American steamer, Deutschland, which sailed from New York Aug. 8th for Hamburg, arrived here today, making a new record for the eastward passage and the fastest time ever attained by any ocean steamer of five days, eleven hours and 45 minutes. Her highest day's run was 52 knots.

The Deutschland made an average speed of 23.34 knots during the passage. New York, Aug. 14.—The Deutschland cleared the Sandy Hook lightship at 3:35 p. m. last Wednesday. Following

the day after the Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, which arrived at Cherbourg yesterday, considerable interest has been taken in watching for the arrival of the two great rivals. By her present performance the Deutschland has beaten the record-breaking time made on her maiden passage eastward in July by 2 hours and 21 minutes.

Convicted of Murder.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 14.—A special to the Times from Dawson dated August 2, says: Alexander King has been adjudged guilty of the murder of Herbert Davenport, of Patterson, N. J., and sentenced to be hanged October 2. The murderer confessed to his crime. Davenport was freighting goods belonging to King down the Yukon to Dawson and kept striking on sand bars. King told him if this happened any more he would kill him. Of course the snow struck another bar. King coolly drew his revolver and emptied it into Davenport's body, killing him instantly. There were no witnesses at the time but circumstantial evidence was too much for the murderer.

Suggestive Find.

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 14.—The members of the Charleston party engaged in stringing the all-Canadian telegraph wires to Dawson returned today from sections of the Klondike country where it was thought that the foot of white man had never trod before.

Near Pike River, in a dense forest, they found the skeletons of 12 horses in a clearing. Further on there was a complete saw-mill and several houses. In the cabins there were no human beings, but were stacked with provisions and besides there were lying around overalls, grindstones and axes.

The outfit was found forty miles off an old Indian trail. It is thought they were frozen there. The trail goes up Pike River to Indian Mission, and then down Taku river to Juneau.

PATENTS FOR UTAH PEOPLE

M. R. Driscoll and Miss Bunnell Each Receive One.

Idaho and Wyoming People Do Likewise—Idaho Also Has a Pensioner and a Postmaster.

[SPECIAL TO THE NEWS.]

Washington, D. C., Aug. 14.—Patents have been granted to the following: Martin R. Driscoll, Frisco, Utah, screen for stamp mills.

Peter Bergersen, Cheyenne, Wyoming, implement for extracting cartridge shells.

Miss Bunnell, Tucker, Utah, lightning device for upholstered cushion.

Lemuel C. Neil, Lewiston, Idaho, arm rest of support.

W. T. Shaffer, Evanston, Wyoming, clothes line brace with some coromies expecting one of two things, either a diplomatic backdown on the part of China, which will make a few days more of fencing and negotiation before an armed escort is admitted to Pekin, or else the news from General Chaffee that he has encountered strong opposition at Ching Chai Wan, or Tung Chow, two of the largest cities between Tien Tsin and Peking.

Either of these developments is regarded as quite possible that both the present stand it has already taken, Secretary Root said that he had received nothing fresh from